## ORDER INFORMATION

CODE: DL1301 - R1 - 1 X 8 ML + R2 - 1 X 2 ML DL1302 - R1 - 1 X 20 ML + R2 - 1 X 5 ML DL1303 - R1 - 4 X 20 ML + R2 - 4 X 5 ML

# **GAMMA - GT Optimised IFCC Method**

#### **INTENDED USE:**

This reagent kit is intended for "in vitro" quantitative determination of  $\gamma$  - Glutamyl - Transferase ( $\gamma$ -GT) activity in serum.

## **CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:**

 $\gamma$ -GT plays an important role in amino acid transport in the course of glutathione metabolism. The enzyme present in the serum is mainly of hepato-biliary origin. Increased enzyme activities are found in association with chronic alcoholism, different toxic liver damages, intra- and extrahepatic cholestasis, acute viral hepatitis, pancreatitis, neoplastic diseases of the liver and pancreas, myocardial infarction as well as with diabetes mellitus.

#### PRINCIPLE:

 $\gamma$ -GT catalyzes the transfer of the  $\gamma$ -glutamyl group from L- $\gamma$ glutamil-3-carboxy-4-nitroanilide substrate to glycylglycine. The amount of released p-nitroaniline is proportional to the  $\gamma$ -GT activity of serum.

L-γ-glutamyl-3-carboxy-4-nitroanilide+glycylglycyne L-γ-glutamyl-glycylglycyne+3-carboxy-4-nitroaniline

## **REAGENT COMPOSITION:**

Reagent 1: Buffer Reagent Reagent 2: Substrate Reagent

## MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED:

- Clean & Dry Glassware.
- Micropipettes & Tips.
- Colorimeter or Bio-Chemistry Analyzer.

## **SAMPLES:**

Serum free of hemolysis.

## **WORKING REAGENT PREPARATION & STABILITY:**

Mix 4 Volume of Reagent 1, with 1 Volume of Reagent 2. Working Reagent is stable for 30 days at 2-8°C.

## **GENERAL SYSTEM PARAMETERS:**

Kinetic Reaction Reaction type

Wave length 405 nm Light Path 1Cm Reaction Temperature 37°C

Blank / Zero Setting With Distilled Water

Reagent Volume 1<sub>m</sub>l Sample Volume 100 ul Lag / Delay Time 60 Sec. Read Time 180 Sec. Interval Time 60 Sec. Factor 1280 Low Normal at 37°C 7 U/I High Normal at 37°C 50 U/I Linearity 300 U/I  $Max. \Delta Abs / Min$ 0.234

## **ASSAY PROCEDURE:**

Working Reagent	<b>1000</b> μ <b>Ι</b>
Sample	<b>100</b> μΙ

Mix and after 60 second incubation, measure the decrease in absorbance every minute during 3 minutes at 37°C.

Determine the  $\Delta A/min$ .

## **CALCULATION:**

Gamma - GT Activity (U/I) =  $\Delta$ A/min. x 1280

## LINEARITY:

Reagent is Linear up to 300 U/I.

Dilute the sample appropriately and re-assay if Gamma - GT activity exceeds 300 U/I or  $\Delta$  Abs / min Exceeds 0.234 . Multiply result with dilution factor.

#### REFERENCE NORMAL VALUE:

11 - 50 U/I Male Female: 7 - 32 U/I

The reference values are only indicative in nature. Every laboratory should establish its own normal ranges.

## **QUALITY CONTROL:**

For accuracy it is necessary to run known controls with every

## **LIMITATION & PRECAUTIONS:**

- 1. Storage conditions as mentioned on the kit to be adhered.
- 2. Do not freeze or expose the reagents to higher temperature as it may affect the performance of the kit.
- 3. Before the assay bring all the reagents to room temperature.
- 4. Avoid contamination of the reagent during assay process.
- Use clean glassware free from dust or debris.
- Reagent to sample ratio as mentioned here above must be strictly observed as any change in to it will effect the factor.

## **BIBLIOGRAPHY:**

- 1. SASZ Gen. Clin. Chem. 22:2051 (1976).
- TIETZ Text Book of Clin. Chem. Burtis Ashwood 2nd Edition (1984)
- 3. BERGMEYERHU. Methods of enzymaticAnalysis. (1987).