## ORDER INFORMATION

CODE: DL2401 - 2 x 25 ML DL2402 - 4 x 25 ML DL2403 - 8 x 25 ML

DELTA TRIGLYCERIDES

(GPO/POD)

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND WARNINGS:**

This reagent is for In vitro diagnostic use only.

### **INTENDED USE:**

This reagent kit is intended for "in vitro" quantitative determination of Triglycerides concentration in serum based upon Enzymatic colorimetric method.

#### **CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:**

Triglycerides are esters formed from Glycerol and Fatty acids, the latter being synthesized in the liver or extracted from blood. Determining the level of Triglyceride concentration is part of the evaluation of lipid metabolism and plays a major role in identification of the various hyperlipoproteinemia. The level is increased in certain liver and renal diseases in diabetes mellitus and coronary artery disease.

## **PRINCIPLE:**

The Triglycerides in the sample are hydrolyzed to Glycerol and Fatty acids by Lipoprotein lipase (LPL). Glycerine is then phosphorylated by Glycerol kinase (GK) in the presence of ATP and Mg\*\* ions. In the next step Glycerol-3-P is oxidized by Glycerol-3-Phosphate oxidase (GPO) in the presence of molecular oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>). A colored product which absorbance well at 505 nm (490-550 nm) is formed from hydrogen-peroxide, 4-aminoantipyrine and phenol-derivative in the presence of the Peroxidase (POD).

Triglycerides+
$$H_2O$$
  $\xrightarrow{\text{CPL}}$  Glycerol + Fatty acids

Glycerol + ATP  $\xrightarrow{\text{GK+Mg}^{++}}$  G1ycerol-3-phosphate+ ADP

Glycerol-3-phosphate +  $O_2$   $\xrightarrow{\text{GPO}}$  Dihydroxiacetone- phosphate +  $H_2O_2$   $\xrightarrow{\text{POD}}$  Red quinone +  $4H_2O_2$ 

### **REAGENT COMPOSITION:**

Reagent 1: Enzyme reagent Triglyceride standard: 200 mg/dl

# MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED:

- Clean & Dry Glassware.
- Micropipettes & Tips.
- Colorimeter or Bio-Chemistry Analyzer.

### **SAMPLES:**

Serum free of hemolysis, heparinised plasma or EDTA plasma.

# STABILITY OF REAGENT:

When Stored tightly closed at 2° to 8°C temperature protected from light and contaminations prevented during their use; reagents are stable up to the expiry date stated on the label.

# **WORKING REAGENT:**

The Reagent is ready for use.

# **GENERAL SYSTEM PARAMETERS:**

Reaction type **End Point** 

Wave length 505 nm (490 - 550) nm

Light Path 1Cm Reaction Temperature 37°C Blank / Zero Setting Reagent Reagent Volume 1ml Sample Volume 10 µl Incubation Time 5 Minutes Standard Concentration 200 mg/dl Low Normal 40 mg/dl 165 mg/dl **High Normal** 1000 mg/dl Linearity

### **ASSAY PROCEDURE:**

|          | Blank | Standard             | Sample               |
|----------|-------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Reagent  | 1ml   | 1ml                  | 1ml                  |
| Standard |       | <b>10</b> μ <b>l</b> |                      |
| Sample   |       |                      | <b>10</b> μ <b>Ι</b> |

Mix and read the optical density (A) after a 5 - minute incubation at 37°C.

**CALCULATION:** 

OD of Sample Triglyceride Conc.(mg/dl) = X Conc. of Standard **OD** of Standard

### LINEARITY:

Reagent is Linear up to 1000 mg/dl.

Dilute the sample appropriately and re-assay if Triglyceride concentration exceeds 1000 mg/dl. Multiply result with dilution factor.

## **REFERENCE NORMAL VALUE:**

Female: 40-140 mg/dl Male: 50-165 mg/dl

## QUALITY CONTROL:

For accuracy it is necessary to run known controls with every assay.

# **LIMITATION & PRECAUTIONS:**

- 1. Storage conditions as mentioned on the kit to be adhered.
- 2. Do not freeze or expose the reagents to higher temperature as it may affect the performance of the kit.
- 3. Before the assay bring all the reagents to room temperature.
- 4. Avoid contamination of the reagent during assay process.
- 5. Use clean glassware free from dust or debris.
- 6. Do not use the reagent if it is hazy or cloudy.

## **BIBLIOGRAPHY:**

Buccolo G., David M., Clin. Chem, 19, (1973), 476

